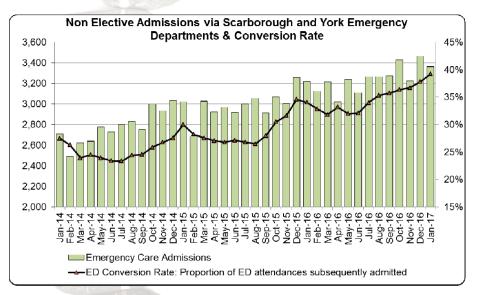




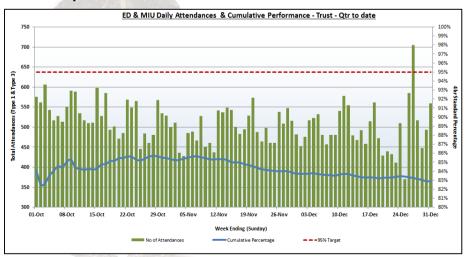
Review of Winter 2016/17

April 2017

Operational Context – approaching Winter



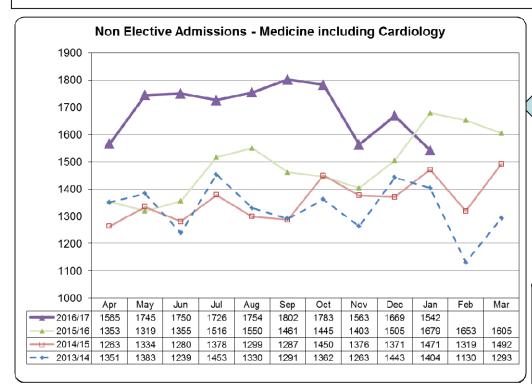
Q3 ECS performance



- Background of high bed occupancy and increased non-elective demand
- RTT pressure due to theatre staffing vacancies during the summer
- Bed modelling work identified a shortfall in the configuration of beds at Scarborough General Hospital, equivalent to one ward
- Escalation of issues to A&E Delivery Board

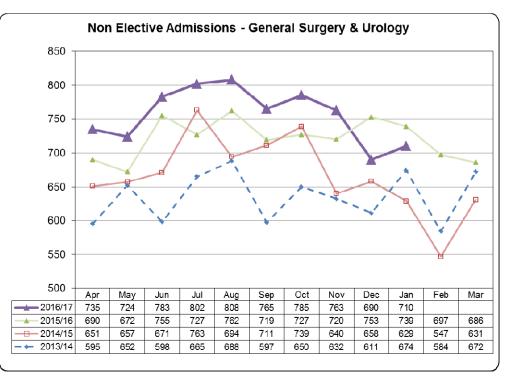
 recognised limited assurance that system would be able to maintain performance standards.
- Strategic decision not to delay implementation of Assessment Units in order to support winter
- CQUIN to close Archways by end December and replace with community provision

Adult non elective admissions have risen 8% (YTD) compared to 2015/16



General Surgery & Urology +4% YTD
Paediatrics +14% YTD
Elderly +6% YTD

Gen & Acute Medicine +16% with those admitted via GP +19% YTD.







Winter Pressure 2017-18

- Nationally one of the most challenging winters, with lowest national performance against ECS since reporting began in 2004 at 85.1% in January 2017
- Mild climate with no extreme cold, snow or flooding
- Surge pressures over from Christmas Day to the New Year (footfall increase of 14% +522; ambulance increase 9% +123, compared to same period 2015-16)
- High patient acuity across both sites
- Staff sickness, in particular on bank holidays limiting options for additional cover
- Impact of Flu at both sites flu cohort ward end of Jan
- System pressure across local and national providers reduced ability to divert





Ensure the Trust maintains effective service delivery throughout the Winter period

Maximise use of hospital and out of hospital services

Ensure there is a clear plan, communicated to all relevant staff

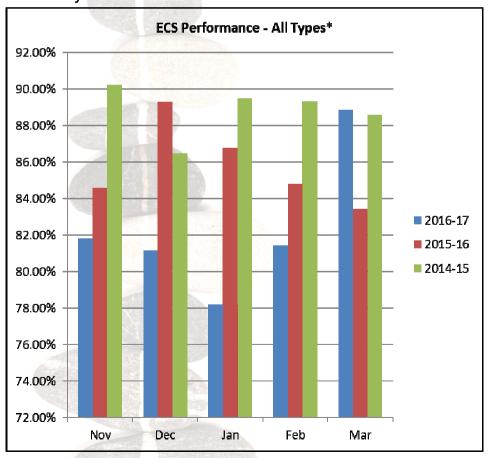
Continue to run an effective elective surgical service

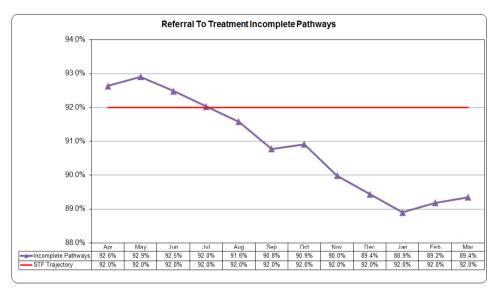
Support the achievement of the STP trajectories

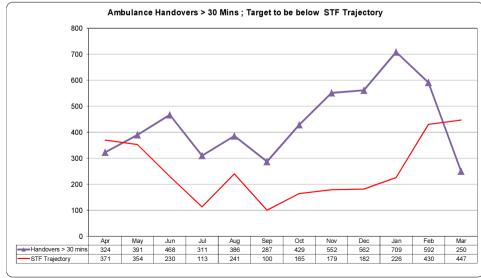


Support the achievement of the STP trajectories

The Emergency Care Standard (4hour waits),
Ambulance Handover and Referral to Treatment Times
did not meet the expected trajectories. Diagnostic targets
were maintained and Cancer 62 day treatment
performance saw some improvement through to
January.







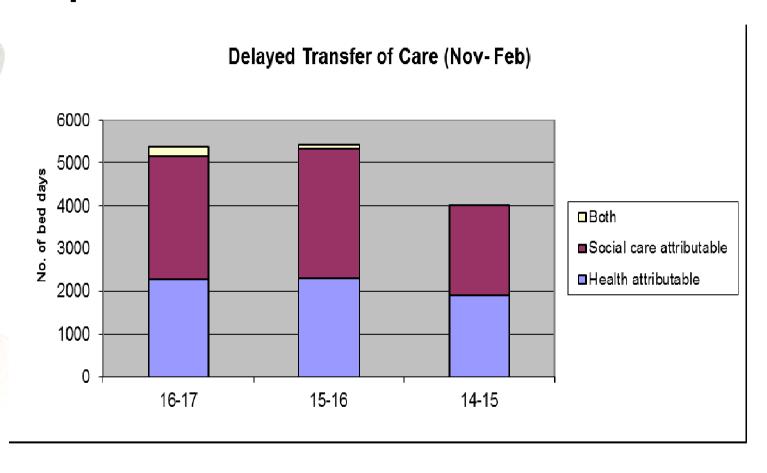


Maximise use of hospital and out of hospital services

- High bed occupancy and outliers on both acute sites; however target of bed occupancy of 80% on Christmas Eve was met.
- Some patients experienced long waits, for ambulance handovers and within Emergency Departments
- Objective to improve utilisation of discharge lounge was achieved on both acute sites
- Reduction in bed days lost of delayed transfers of care compared to winter 2015-16, although remain high
- Due to staff sickness and unplanned escalation, additional staffing over and above that identified in the winter plan was implemented with a significant rise in bank and agency staff
- Community Response Teams saw a significant increase in referrals and were able to support a greater proportion of patients at home
- Overall LoS decreased slightly from 6.1 last winter to 5.9, however this is largely accounted for by the 17% increase in 0 length of stay due to use of the assessment units



Maximise use of hospital and out of hospital services





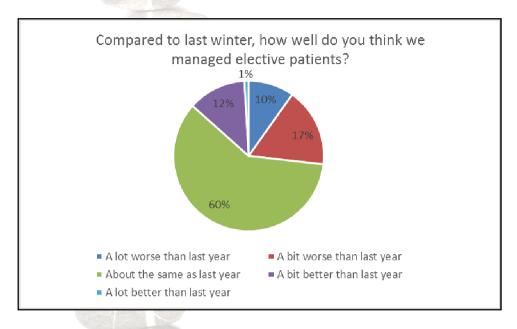
Continue to run an effective elective surgical service

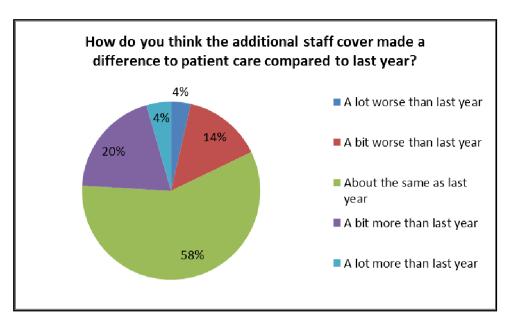
November - February	Overall surgical activity compared to 2015-16	Proportion of day case work compared to 2015-16
Trust	0.6% increase	4.4%increase
Scarborough	3% decrease	1.9% increase
York	1.96% increase	
Bridlington	7.1% increase	13.2% increase

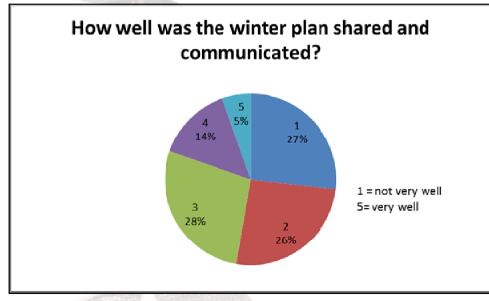
- Short notice cancellations due to bed pressures were significantly higher than 2015-16 with 528 compared to 337 total short notice cancellations Oct 15- Feb 16
- £1.567m improvement in income generation from elective and nonelective activity compared to 2015-16

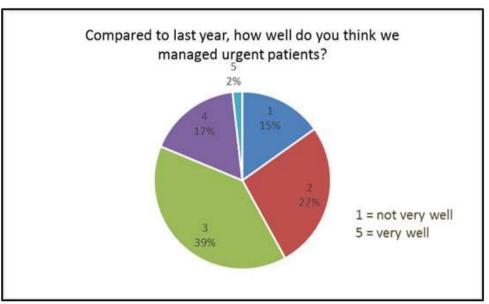
Staff views













Headlines from Winter 2016/17

Back drop of mounting pressure through increasing non-electives and high bed occupancy

Challenging performance position coming into winter for ECS, RTT and Cancer

Surge pressures and high acuity in presenting patients, combined with high staff sickness levels over the bank holiday period impacted severely on ambulance handover and waiting times

Discharge processes and Delayed Discharges hindered hospital flow

Maintained electives and urgent cases through maximising Bridlington and York sites

Dedication and quality of care from staff



Overview – Trust

Measure	Summary
ED Attendances (decrease related to UCCs) (Nov, Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar)	6% decrease
Non Elective Admissions (excl Paediatrics & Maternity) (YTD end Mar)	7% increase
ED Attend to admit conversion rate (Oct – Mar)	5% increase
Bed occupancy (March 2017 Vs March 2016)	Scarborough 94.25% (2017) 94.77% (2016) York 92.5% (2017) 91.5% (2016)
Delayed transfers (Acute) (Oct – Mar)	5.3% decrease Lost bed days: 5,763 (2017) 6,086 (2016)



Learning for Winter 2016/17

Discharge focus: SAFER, supported by 7 day working

Embed and extend
Assessment
capacity on both
sites

Maximise out of hospital and community capacity to support acute discharge

System winter and surge planning

Maximise
Bridlington and day
case surgery at
East Coast

Improvements to timing of plan and communication